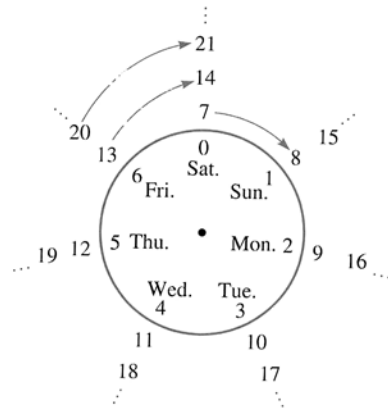


**Chapter Five**  
 Section four

**Modular System**

The days of the week cycle are repeatedly through the numbers 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6. See the following figure from page 234.



**If today is Thursday, July 25, 2002, what day of the week will it be one year from today?**

$365 \div 7 = 52$ , Remainder = 1. This means we would be going around the 7-day clock 52 times plus 1 more days. One day past Thursday is Friday, so one year from today will be a Friday.

**If today is Thursday, July 25, 2002, what day of the week will it be September 4, 2002?**

$31 - 25 = 6$ ,  $6 + 31 + 4 = 41$ ,  $41 \div 7 = 5$ ,  $R = 6$ ,  $41 \equiv 6 \equiv -1 \pmod{7}$

That is, one day before Thursday or 6 days after Thursday is Wednesday.

**If today is Thursday, July 25, 2002, what day of the week was it April 26, 2002?**

$30 - 26 = 4$ ,  $4 + 31 + 30 + 25 = 90$ ,  $-90 \div 7 = -12$ ,  $R = -6$ ,  $-6 + 7 = 1$ ,  $-90 \equiv -6 \equiv 1 \pmod{7}$

It is 1 day after Thursday. That is, Friday.

**Definition:**

$a \equiv b \pmod{m}$  if and only if  $a - b = km$  for some integer  $k$ .

$a \equiv b \pmod{m}$  if and only if the same remainder is obtained when  $a$  and  $b$  are divided by  $m$ .

**Examples:**

Decide whether each statement is *true* or *false*.

1.  $16 \equiv 10 \pmod{2}$       T (why?)

2.  $49 \equiv 32 \pmod{7}$       F

3.  $30 \equiv 345 \pmod{7}$       T

Find the modulus value of  $25 \pmod{7}$ .       $25 \div 7 = 3$  (R=4), so,  $25 \equiv 4 \pmod{7}$

Find the modulus value of  $-17 \pmod{7}$ .

$$-17 \div 7 = -2 \text{ (R}=-3\text{)}, -3 + 7 = 4, \text{ so } -17 \equiv 4 \pmod{7}$$

Find each of the following sums, differences, and products.

1.  $(9+14) \pmod{3}$                       2
2.  $(27-5) \pmod{6}$                       4
3.  $(50+34) \pmod{7}$                       0
4.  $(8 \times 9) \pmod{10}$                       2
5.  $(12 \times 10) \pmod{5}$                       0
6.  $(6 - 24) \pmod{4}$                       2

***A laboratory experiment is begun at 9 o'clock. If the experiment lasts for 43 hours, at what time of day will it end?***

We look for  $(9 + 43) \pmod{24}$ .

$$52 \div 24 = 2 \quad \text{R} = 4. \text{ That is, } (9 + 43) \equiv 4 \pmod{24}.$$

Thus, the experiment will end at 4 o'clock.

**Exercises:**

*Solve each problem using modular arithmetic.*

- |                                     |   |                                 |
|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 5. $(12 + 7) \pmod{4}$              | 6. $(62 + 95) \pmod{9}$                   | 7. $(35 - 22) \pmod{5}$         |
| 8. $(82 - 45) \pmod{3}$             | 9. $(5 \times 8) \pmod{3}$                | 10. $(32 \times 21) \pmod{8}$   |
| 11. $[4 \times (13 + 6)] \pmod{11}$ | 12. $[(10 + 7) \times (5 + 3)] \pmod{10}$ | 13. $(3 - 27) \pmod{5}$         |
| 14. $(16 - 60) \pmod{7}$            | 15. $[(-8) \times 11] \pmod{3}$           | 16. $[2 \times (-23)] \pmod{5}$ |

Answers:

- |              |              |              |              |              |              |               |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 5. <u>3</u>  | 6. <u>4</u>  | 7. <u>3</u>  | 8. <u>1</u>  | 9. <u>1</u>  | 10. <u>0</u> | 11. <u>10</u> |
| 12. <u>6</u> | 13. <u>1</u> | 14. <u>5</u> | 15. <u>2</u> | 16. <u>4</u> |              |               |